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SUNDAY.

KANSAS CITY, MARCH 7, 1897.—SIXTEEN PAGES.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

REMOVE THEIR HEADQUARTERS FROM ST. LOUIS TO KANSAS CITY.

BIG FIRM OF GRAIN BUYERS.

HAVE LEASED ALL ELEVATORS ON THE K. C., P. & G. ROAD.

Concentratin

... Grain Handling Business Car asas City-Other
Large May Locate
Here Line.

wettly tithi... se - of St. Louis, the de them them sur atc a.n at that point, or West, have leased all sur atc a ie line of the Pittsburg a few days will move their headquarters from St. Louis to this city, and operate wholly from this point.

This will make Kansas City the headquar ters of the heaviest purchasers of grain in the Western markets and give it a tre mendously increased importance as a grain During the last two months the firm has

been hard at work securing control of some of the elevators situated in the East bottoms of the city along the Suburban Belt line, and is now in control of four of the five located there, and has for the past two weeks been storing large quantities of grain in them, and has on hand now in the city an enormous quantity of grain that could be put on the market any The firm has for many years operated in

an extensive way at St. Louis and along the river and at other of the principal markets of the West, and has established a reputation for shrewdness that has made it a very active and interesting factor in the grain business of the country. The firm is distinctly grain brokers, and turns its stock whenever and wherever there is the best opportunity. It has done a large business as exporters, and it is for that purthat it has gotten in on the ground floor along the new Port Arthur route, for the members of the firm see, as well as others, that the Western grain will be sent for export through the Southern ports, and the Pittsburg & Gulf will tap an enormous area of producing territory and connect with and furnish a straight line to tide water for many of the other great con-

necting lines of the West. The importance of this to Kansas City's rapidly growing grain interests can hardly be overestimated, for it means that grain will be gathered here from all sections and portions of the West, and this place will become to the Southern ports what Chicago has been for so many years to Eastern ports? That is what the grain men of the West have been wanting for a long time, and the addition of this powerful firm in the endeavor will add largely to the chances for immediate success. Orthwells has brough houses in Galveston.

New Orle rs, Wicidia, and for a time mas had an office here, located at 406 Exchange building, but much more space will be re-quired when the headquarters of the firm

come to this city.

The arrangements appear to be of great interest, for they are to the advantage of

of the West who have stuff to sell will also have the advantage of sharper competition, better rates and shorter hauls to get their grain to tidewater for export, and a largely increased activity in the market at all times in the year. It is pointed out as one of the many advantages the city will receive from the completion of the short line to Fort Arthur and tidewater. The fight for export through Southern ports will be kept up and waged harder than ever, to the benefit of the city.

It is believed that the removal of Orthwein & Sons will make it plain in an emphatic way that the grain possibilities of Kansas City are rapidly improving and it may be expected that other firms will soon, follow by way of availing themselves of the increased facilities Kansas City offers for collecting and handling grain. It is expected that the grain interests of the city will develop more rapidly in the near future than anything else. It is insisted that when Kansas City can handle all the products in the vast section tributary, the city will advance materially in commercial importance and in rank.

The short line of road furnishing a funnel-like outlet to the vast country tributary to Kansas City has already made it positive in calculations that St. Louis and the East need expect very little tribute from this section. They are effectually cut off from exacting toil and thus is Kansas City's commercial importance augmented.

GREEKS NEEDED AT HOME. All the Army Reserves Now in America Summoned to Return

New York, March 6.-His excellency, Alexander G. Skouzes, minister of foreign affairs to King George, of the Hellenes, cables to-day to the acting Grecian minis ter, instructing him to call out the members of the Grecian reserves in the United States and to urge them by every means to go to the assistance of their native coun-

at Once.

B. N. Boates, the acting minister, who

B. N. Boates, the acting minister, who is also consul general of Greece in New York, in an interview, said that the cablegram was of a most alarming nature and indicated that war was imminent.

"It is very serious." said he. "I am instructed even to call out the reserve that belong to the class as far back as 1866, and so it is evident that King George sorely needs the support of every ablebodied Greek in this struggle. In this country there are about 20,000 Greeks. Of these probably about 5,000 belong to the army reserve. Through the Associated Press, in the name of King George, a wish officially to notify all the reserves of the Grecian army who are in this country that their fatheriand calls them back to its ranks. And to all Greeks, whether they have fought in bygone days or whether they have not, I say, in the name of my king, your country needs you."

Turkish Consulate Stoned.

Brussels, Mach 6.—The students of this city held a meeting last evening and, after adopting resolutions expressing sympathy with Greece, they marched to the Greek consulate, which they cheered, and then went to the Turkish consulate and hosted and hissed and broke the windows with stones. They were finally dispersed by the police.

Muskogee, I. T. March 6 .- (Special.) The sensutional report that Special Agent Dickon, now disbursing the Cherokee freedman funds at Hayden, had been arrested on a warrant charging him with seeking and accepting bribes, is false. No warrant has been issued by Judge Springer, as alleged; neither has the payment been suspended on account of any irregularities.

Sedalla, Mo., March 6.—(Special.) The road supervisors of Pettis county met here to-day and effected a permanent good roads organization. Judge W. E. Conner was elected president. T. O. Stanley, vice president, and E. P. Ford, secretary. Business men of this town are in hearty sympathy with the good roads movement, and road improvements will be encouraged in every way possible.

Garden to Be Sold.

New York, March 6.- The directors of th Madison Square Garden Company to-day decided to sell the garden property, which has not paid expenses for years. The build-ing and ground cost \$3,000,000.

APPOINTMENTS FOR M'KINLEY.

Over a Hundred Postmasters Named by Cleveland Failed of Confirm-

ation by the Senate. Washington, March 6.-The following ominations failed of confirmation in the senate during the second session of the Fifty-fourth congress: About 102 postmasters, including:

Kansas-John Hanning, Emporia; Richard A. Wilson, Herington: A. R. Young, Caldwell; Charles E. Monell, Kirwin; Stephen Breese, Cottonwood Falls; Mrs. Jeannette W.Beard, Hutchinson; L.D.Watrous, Burlington; Nellie Lehane, Fort Ri-

ley.

Missouri-Barbeau A. Roy, Bonne Terre;
S. C. Woodson, St. Joseph.

President McKinley will have the disposal of 165 presidential postoffices which Mr. Cleveland had figured on for the outgoing administration and for which his selection of postmasters had been announced. The confirmations of postmastership nominations during the session aggregated 224. The unconfirmed list is about the size expected by the postmaster general to be left over when he reviewed the pending list recently, and it embraces a number of cases where there have been interesting contests, and many candidates, on account of the importance of some of the offices.

LOVE JEFF DAVIS THE BETTER. Arkansas Legislature Refuses to Supplant His Picture With Bry-

an's, Even Temporarily. Little Rock, Ark., March 6 .- An exciting scene occurred in the house of representa-tives to-day when Representative Smith, of Cross county, offered a resolution to substitute temporarily the picture of William J. Bryan for that of Jefferson Davis on the wall of Representative hall during on the wall of Representative hall during the visit of Mr. Bryan to Little Rock next week. The reading of the resolution was followed immediately by an uproar, there being loud yells of "Never," "No," "We'll never take Jeff Davis down," and other similar expressions of disapproval. A motion to table the resolution prevailed without debate. The state recently purchased a large portrait of William J. Bryan done in oil by a Little Rock artist, and the object of Mr. Smith's resolution was to honor the ex-candidate on his visit to Little Rock by hanging the portrait temporarily in the position now occupied by the likeness of Jeff Davis.

"FAUST" IN CHICAGO. Largest Audience Ever Assembled in the Auditorium Attended

Yesterday's Matinee. Chicago, March 6.-The largest audience ever assembled in the Auditorium theater witnessed the performance of "Faust" this afternoon by the Grau Grand Opera company. Hundreds were turned away from the doors, the standing room capacity be-ing inadequate for the accommodation of admission ticket holders. Gounod's opera admission ticket holders. Gound's opera was given with a strong cast, including Emma Calve, Jean DeReszke, Edward DeReszke, Mme. Mantelli, Signor Ancona and Mile. Bauermelster. The demonstrations were enthusiastic and the performance was faultless. It is the general judgment that the tide which seemed to have set in against the prosperity of the present opera season has turned, and there is every indication that succeeding performances will meet with better patronage.

BANKER KERNOCHAN'S DEATH.

Another Banker's Daughter Was to Have Been Arrested on a Charge of Responsibility.

New York, March 6,-Miss Grace Baker, daughter of George F. Baker, president of the First National bank of this city, was to have been placed under arrest to-day on the charge of being responsible for the death of James P. Kernochan, the banker. Miss Baker was driving the cart which struck interest, for they are to the advantage of the firm, of this city, and also to the road on which they will operate. The producers of the West who have stuff to sell will also night. There is no expectation that criminal carelessness will be proven against Miss Baker, and her arrest was contemplated requires the police to hold in custody anyone who may, designedly or accidentally, causes the death of another, until the facts in the case can be properly established. Early in the afternoon, however, it was ascertained the young lady was critically ill from nervous fright. Her attorney said he would be responsible for Miss Baker's appearance at any time she might be wanted.

Killed While Duck Hunting. Ottawa, Kas., March 6.—(Special.) E. Sutton, a young man, 18 years old, living near Williamsburg, this county, died last night at 10 o'clock from a gunshot wound received yesterday while duck hunting in company with a friend. The two men were creeping up on a flock of ducks, when the companion's gun was discharged into Sutton's leg, above the knee. Amputation was necessary, from which Sutton did not recover.

Miner Fatally Hurt.

Galena, Kas., March 6.—(Special.) Ben Gore is now struggling between life and death, the result of going back on a shot in the mine of Jack Tanner, in North Empire, this afternoon. He was knocked a distance of about thirty feet. His face is horribly mangled and death is looked for at any hour. Core is a single man, formerly of Neosho, where his parents now reside.

Ran Into a Washout.

Shelbyville, Ind., March 6.—The Chicago express on the Big Four left the track on account of a washout three miles and a half above here this morning. All the passengers have been returned to Indianapolis, and it will be difficult for any trains to reach Cincinnati over the Big Four until Sunday night or Monday morning.

Without Light or Heat.

Columbus, O., March 6.—The natural gas main under the big Walnut creek wasned out by high water and cut off the pressure at 3 o'clock a. m., leaving the city without gas for lighting or heating until Monday, at least, if not longer. All kinds of domestic, office and mercantile interests are affected.

Dunbar, Pa., March 6.—The boilers at W. J. Rainey's Mount Braddock coke works exploded at 6:30 o'clock this morning, completely wrecking the plant. Robert Haxenbaugh, engineer, was instantly killed, and Fireman Robert Meade, colored, fatally injured. The loss will be heavy.

Dying From Effects of a Fall. St. Joseph, Mo., March 6.—(Special.) Samuel Gann, one of the oldest residents in Northwest Missouri, is dying from the effects of a fail on a slippery sidewalk here six weeks ago. He is & years of age.

Abilene, Kas., March 6.—(Special.) Jacob Friedley, the South Dickinson farmer who disappeared Monday, wrote his wife from White City that he had left for Eastern Kansas to find work, and would not return until he made money enough to pay his debts. He said he was discouraged trying to larm. He returned home to-day, saying he was glad to get back.

Wichits Alloting Agents.

Washington, March 6.—(Special.) Mills and Coleman, the recently appointed alloting agents for the Wichita reservation, will leave for the West on Menday. Coleman reached here from Rich Hill. Mo., to-day. Both took the oath and received their instructions from Indian Commissioner Browning. They will make their head-quarters at Anadarke.

Wamego High School Contest. Wamego, Kas., March 6.—(Special.) The third annual contest at the Wamego high school took place last evening. The successful contestants were: Delibert Tibbetts, essay; Eldessa Jenkens, declamation; Fleet Parsons, oration. The latter will enter the state oratorical contest at Topeka the latter part of March.

New Sedalia Labor Paper.

Sedalia, Mo., March 6.—(Special.) The Industrial Mirror, which will be the organ of the labor unions and which has the in-dorsement of the Sedalia Federation of Labor, will make its appearance on March 22, with George C. Miller as editor. It will be issued semi-monthly.

Other Terms. SORELY BESET BY TROUBLES ON Cleveland, O., March 6.-The attempt to EVERY HAND.

UNEASY FEELING IN MADRID.

WHY THE GOVERNMENT DOES NOT RECALL WEYLER.

Fear He Might Set Up a Republic in Havana-Acute Distress Throughout Spain-Carlist Activity Alarming-Patriotism

of Don Carlos.

Madrid, March 6.-A very troubled condition of affairs prevails in Spain. The most acute distress is being experienced the Carlists are showing unmistakable signs of activity, there is further alarming news from the Philippine islands and the government is disgusted with the performances of Captain General Weyler in Cuba but they dare not recall him. In this con-nection a startling explanation of the inaction of the government is hinted at. Acreasons why Weyler is not recalled are firstly, because he is a pronounced repub

The distress is most severe in the Biscayn provinces. The people of Leon are on the verge of starvation, the crops having been practically destroyed by the recent floods which followed the previous severe drouth. while on all sides flocks and herds are dy-

lican; secondly, because it is intimated

that, sooner than return to Spain in dis-

grace, he would proclaim a republic in

In La Mancha, the failure of the olive crop has prevented the peasants from earning anything the whole winter, and large numbers of them are barely able to keep body and soul together by subsisting or anything procurable. Very many families have not seen a loaf of bread for months and meats are out of their reach since the fall. The distress is not confined to isolated districts. All the towns and villages are afflicted more or less, and as a rule the inhabitants are famishing, many of them being forced to subsist on acorns. In this city, for instance, where it might be ex-pected that the distress due to crop failures would be hardly felt, over 2,500 persons are daily being fed from charitable

Under the cfrcumstances, it is not astonshing that hundreds of families are emigrating to Brazil, and that thousands of families would do so had they the means to leave the country.

Coupled with this great distress are rumors of the increasing strength of the Carlist agitation in the northwest and central parts of Spain. This is causing the greatest anxiety in political circles, in spite of the recent formal declarations of the Carlist senators and deputies that Don Carlos, the pretender to the throne of Spain, will not make any attempt to dis-turb the peace of the country so long as the government has its severe colonial troubles to deal with.

The pretender is thus assuming a patriot-

ic attitude, which is well calculated to win him many sympathizers, and may be of material use to him when his advisers direct that the moment has arrived for him to make another attempt to reach the throne of Spain. That he will do so sooner time of the sore distress of this suffering

land. However, the local newspapers, here and elsewhere, are full of curious details of the propositions and plans of the Carlists to take the field when the signal is given. Incidentally, there seems to have been bad blunder committed by somebody in the Puebla and San Miguel districts, where a ing which was promptly suppressed by the local authorities. The insurgent Carlists, who were armed, were arrested and imprisoned. On their persons were found compromising documents. When submitted compromising documents. When submitted to examination, the prisoners confessed that they had expected a simultaneous rising to take place in other districts, showing that the instructions they had received were the result of some mistake.

The revelations thus made seriously alarmed the government and the minister of the interior and the minister.

alarmed the government and the minis of the interior and the minister of v took the matter in hand. The former egraphed to the local authorities to wa closely the Capital closely the Carlists and suspected Carlists in the northern and western provinces, these being most affected by the Carlists, and the latter wired to the military commanders in these provinces instructing them to repress any disturbances because them to repress any disturbances

them to repress any disturbances hisorously.

The government also came to the decision to arm the peninsula army with Mauser rifles and to take steps to hold "military maneuvers" in Catalonia. This really means a quiet manner of drafting a large force of troops into Catalonia without creating the alarm that such a step would cause if done in the usual manner under such conditions. But, despite the precautions of the government to avoid exciting the people, the distress privaling, the distressing news in the Spanish colonies and the Carlist rumors are causing a very uneasy feeling throughout Spain.

To Be Settled Soon.

Havana, March 6.—The correspondent of the Associated Press is informed on the highest authority that the cases of Syl-vester Scovel, a correspondent of the New York World, and Charles F. Scott, the two Americans imprisoned in Cuba, will be settled in a satisfactory manner in five or six days.

SPANIARD DIES AT 154-

Almost Indisputable Proof That Jesus Camprebe Lived From 1742 to 1897.

Guadalajapa, Mex., March 6.-Funeral ceremonies took place to-day over the re-mains of Jesus Camprehe, who claimed, and backed up his claims with almost in-disputable proof, to have been born in disputable proof, to have been born in Spain 154 years ago. He said he was born in Spain in 1742 and came to this country when he was 24 years old. He was living with his great-great-grandson, and had copies of the church register at Validolid Spain, showing the date of his birth and haptism, December 12, 1742.

Camprehe was in full possession of his mental faculties to the last, and this fact led many persons to doubt his veracity. He frequently related incidents which occurred in the last century. A priest in the church which he attended, who is now 34 years old, says he remembers Camprehe as being an old man when he was a little boy.

Prominent Detroit Man Dead.

Detroit, Mich., March 6.—George Jerome, retired railroad attorney, died at his home to-day, aged 76. He was a staunch Republican and twenty years ago was a leading figure in public life. He was regarded as Zach Chandler's right hand man. He was a brother of Governor David H. Jerome. Two Victims of Heart Disease.

Chillicothe, Mo., March 6 .- (Special.) Chil-Chilicothe, Mo., March e.—(Special.) Chilicothe lost two good citizens to-day, both dying of heart disease. John H. H. Holmes, a prominent builder and contractor, and Julius Buford Abshire, a young groceryman. Mr. Holmes fell dead, and Abshire died after a long illness.

Gets \$2,000 Damages. Fort Scott, Kas., March 6.—(Special.) In the United States court here to-day, Travis R. Pcol. of Catula, Tex., was given a judg-ment of \$3,000 against the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad for personal injuries re-ceived in a wreck at Checotah, I. T., last August. The suit was for \$15,000.

UNION MUST BE RECOGNIZED.

Globe Shipyards Strikers at Cleveland Will Not Concede Any

settle the strike at the Globe ship yards has falled. To-day a committee from the strikers held a conference with the manage er of the company lasting six hours. It was finally agreed to grant the increase in wages asked for by the strikers and also holidays, but there was to be no recognition of the union. The committee was pleased with the offer and it reported to a pleased with the offer and it reported to a meeting of the strikers. After a discussion lasting two hours, the proposition was rejected. Some of the speakers said the union must be recognized, and they were willing to accept a reduction of wages rather than have the union ignored. The company says it will never give in, and a telegram from the Cramps was posted at the yards, offering to furnish 1,000 ship-builders on twenty-four hours' notice. A long and bitter struggle seems to be in prospect.

BEN T. GRANT A SUICIDE.

ENDED HIS LIFE IN THE NEW ALBANY HOTEL.

Fired a Bullet Into His Brain-He Was Despondent and Had Been Drinking-Left No Message-Was Well Known Here.

Despendency over financial misfortunes and ill health caused Benjamin T. Grant, the New Albany hotel on Union avenue yesterday by firing a bullet into his brain. The weapon used was a 42 caliber revolver American baldog pattern. Grant held its muzzie against his right ear when he fired the fatal shot. The bullet did not pass through his head. Grant was 50 years old and leaves a wife and one boy-Harry, aged 14 years Louis. He was a son of the late S. S.



Grant, formerly manager of the horse and mule department of the Kansas City stock yards, who died six years ago in this city, and a brother of William H. Grant, of and a brother of william H. Grant, of 512 Park avenue, purchasing agent for the Swift Packing Company. He was a broth-er-in-law of J. B. Conway, of 614 West Tenth street, proprietor of the Conway Shirt Company at the Junction. His sister, Mrs. J. B. Rahm, lives in Omaha, and his mother, an aged woman, who makes her home with Mrs. Rahm, was visiting in Kansas City, having arrived last Mon-day. She was almost distracted at the

weeks ago from St. Louis, and registered it the New Albany. A week later he took a carload of mules to Brunswick Ga. for of the horse and mule department at the stock yards, to sell. When he returned to Kansas City he registered at the New Albany and complained of being ill from la band of Carlists recently attempted a ris- | grippe. His only remedy for the disease liquor. He was a man of a taciturn mind, and did not talk a great deal of his affairs, yet it was generally understood that he was borne down by ill health and financial troubles. Almost every day he would drink heavily and retire at night in bad state of mind. He had taken the Keeley cure for the liquor habit, but broke over recently. When he returned from his Southern trip two weeks ago, Mr. Grant was given a room on the second floor of the hotel facing Union avenue.

His brother, W. H. Grant, called on him frequently, and they held long conversa-tions together. He was not well supplied with money and his brother, W. H. Grant. had paid his bill at the hotel for two weeks. When W. H. Grant would call to see his brother at the hotel, and would not find him in the office, he would go directly to his room. Friday he told the proprietor, George T. Green, of the New Albany that he would send his brother to St. Louis he following day, and that he would no longer be security for his bill at the hotel. It was arranged between the brothers that Ben Grant should take an evening Miss Pacific train for St. Louis. Accordingly W. H. Grant repaired to the hotel yester day at 4:30 to purchase a ticket for his

brother and see him off on the train. Not finding his brother about the rotunda of the hotel, he went direct to his room and knocked, but there was no response. A second knock brought no answer, and placing his hand on the knob, Mr. Grant opened the door. His brother lay on the bed with his coat off, his face wa upturned, and the pillow saturated with blood. Life was extinct. A revolver was tightly clasped in the dead man's right hand. The room was in perfect order. Mr. Grant ran down stairs to inform Mr. Green, the proprietor, of the tragedy. Deputy Cor-oner Wheeler was summoned.

hand. The room was in perfect order. Mr. Grant ran down stairs to inform Mr. Green, the proprietor, of the tragedy. Deputy Coroner Wheeler was summoned.

The body was removed to Stewart's undertaking rooms. W. H. Grant telephoned for Mr. Conway, who arrived at the hotel after the body of the dead man had been taken away. Mr. Grant had spoken to no one about taking his own life and it is not known where he got the revolver with which he did the dead. All that could be learned from the hotel people was that Grant had eaten breakfast at 9 o'clock, and after sitting about the hotel for two hours had gone to his room. Shortly after noon, the housekeeper, Mrs. McCurdy, who was engaged in the hall on the second floor of the building, heard a shot which she thought came from below stairs. She ran to the head of the starway and looked into the office, but all was quiet there, and she returned to her work.

Deputy Coroner Wheeler said upon viewing the body of Grant that he must have been dead several hours before his body was discovered.

Until a year ago, Ben T. Grant was for seven years United States inspector of horses and mules at the St. Louis stock yards. He resigned that position and had been doing very little the past year. He kept his residence at St. Louis. His wife and son were notified last night of nis death and will arrike here to-day. Prior to going to St. Louis, Mr. Grant had been employed by W. S. Tough & Son at the stock yards horse and mule market. He was a judge at the horse show in New York. His father removed to Kansas City some years ago from St. Louis and was superintendent of the horse and mule department at the stock yards. He was a judge at the horse show in New York. His father removed to Kansas City some years ago from St. Louis and was superintendent of the horse and mule department at the stock yards. He was a judge at the horse show in New York. His father removed to Kansas City some years ago from St. Louis and was superintendent of the horse and mule department at the stock yards. He was

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY ASKS THE EX-MAYOR TO CALL.

MISSOURIANS AT WHITE HOUSE.

LARGE DELEGATION CALLED TO PAY THEIR RESPECTS.

Mr. Kerens Had a Special Interview Later-General Belief That Webster Davis Is Slated for a Good Position-Oth-

ers' Wants.

"I wants you, mah honey, yas I do.
I'm thinking of you madly, an' wants you
mighty badly;
Yas, I wants you, mah honey, 'deed I do." Washington, March 6 .- (Special.) President McKinley to-day detained the Hon. Webster Davis, of Kansas City, by the hand as the delegation of Missourians

marched by in line to greet him and told the radiant ex-mayor to take a position near him until the visitors had filed past. "I want to see you privately," said the president, when the handshaking was over and he was about to withdraw. "How long are you going to be in the city?" "A matter of a week or so," said the

"Come and see me," whispered the president, as he shook Davis' hand once more and passed out of the room.

The delegation that called on the president to-day was quite large and also quite representative. They met at the Regent at 1:30, completely filling the large office of the hotel, which is within a square or two of the White House. It was raining merrily outside, but none of the visiting Missourians who had a tip on the proposed visit was missing. They were met at the hotel by National Committeeman Kerens and his private secretary, Charles H. Smith. Several of the party had brought their ladies. They walked briskly to the White House

n double file, with umbrellas, and were promptly admitted and ushered into the east room, just as a Michigan delegation filed out. The reception was brief, the visitors being put briskly through the hand-shaking ceremony. The president greeted Mr. Kerens with great cordiality on entering the 100m, and then took his place near the middle entrance, Mr. Kerens and his secretary introducing the visitors as they walked up to shake hands. The first man presented to the president was General Benjamin Prentice, the hero of Shiloh. Mc-Kinley recognized his former congressional associate, Wade, of Springfield, calling him "Farmer Wade" as he shook hands with him. Then, in short order, he greeted Major S. G. Brock, of Macon, former chief of the bureau of statistics; ex-Congressman John H. Tracey, W. P. Smythe, ex-consul to Huddersfield, England; Matt G. Reyholds, of St. Louis; J. H. Neff. of Kansa City; Ralph O. Stauber, Fred F. Schrader and W. J. Sullivan, of St. Joseph; Dr. W. C. Boteler, of Kansas City; F. E. Kellogg and J. H. Hinton, of Rich Hill; Webster Davis, of Kansas City; J. J. Smith, of Sweet Springs; S. H. Elkins, of Columbia; C. C. Bell, of Boonville; J. F. Smith, of Monroe City: C. A. Loomis and wife B. F. Beazell, of Chillicothe; Frank Buchanan, of New London; J. J. Goems, of Maryville; G. C. Greenup, and W. H. H. Cundiff, of Pleasant Hill: A. B. Logan Warrensburg; J. N. Loomis and daughter, of Bevier; Mr. Davis and wife, of Neosho; D. B. Ormiston and B. G. Northcott, of Linneus; Dr. D. F. Hedgepath, of Sparta, and about a dozen others from St. Louis. The president was in exuberant spirits and the Missourians left the White House feeling "mighty good" over the warmth of their reception.

National Committeeman Kerens had a

special interview with the president at the White House shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon. It is upposed that the Missouri patronage was under discussion, but no particulars could be learned. Mr. Kerens leaves for St. Louis to-morrow afternoon.

It is understood to be against the policy of the administration to credit foreign born onsuls to the countries of their birth. This policy was announced early in the Harrison administration by Secretary Blaine, but was followed only long enough to cause a number of good men to withdraw their papers, after which the rule was disregarded, and appointments were

made with sole reference to the candidate's Judge Burton, who retired from congress on the 4th of March, will nave an inter-view with the president in a few days relative to his appointment as district attorney for the Western district of Missouri. It is the general opinion that Hon. Web-ster Davis, of Kansas City, is slated for a good position. Davis himself is absolutely silent on the subject, and seems to be waiting to see what the president proposes to do with him. His friends say he has no imbition to be appointed to a federal office in the state, but is likely to get a good berth in Washington or be sent abroad if he will allow himself to be expatriated. Dr. W. C. Boteler, of Kansas City, says he is not a candidate for anything, but is here trying to help his friends. General Benjamin Prentice, whose heroic

conduct at Shiloh forms part of the notable military history of the rebellion, is here in quest of the Bethany postoffice appo nent. This manifestation of modesty on the part of one of the bravest soldiers the war is exciting mild surprise just now, when men not so deserving of recognition when men not so deserving of recognition are asking for the earth.

The present incumbent of the Bethany pestoffice has until next December to serve under the terms of his commission, but has announced his intention to resign in the spring. General Prentice will, of course, be appointed, and was offered his commission to take home with him if he chose, but declined to accept the office until the present postmaster hands in his resignation.

resignation.
The friends of Major Bittinger, of St The friends of Major Bittinger, of St. Joseph, are working to have him named as minister to Switzerland. A prominent candidate for the Swiss mission has bobbed up in Pennsylvania in the person of one Leischman, who is connected with the Larnegie works and will have the Carnegie influence to support his candidacy.

Major S. G. Brock, of Macon, is a candidate for his old place of superintendent of the bureau of statistics which he filled under the Harrison administration, being succeeded by J. Worthington Ford, the present incumbent, He will remain in Washington until the appointment is made. He has strong hopes of being reappointed.

Atkinson to Be Postmaster.

Washington, March 6.—(Special.) The positive statement is made by a Missourian, who came from the White House to-day, that the nomination of Frank Atkinson to be postmaster of St. Joseph would be sent to the senate on Monday.

Ward Bill Passed.

the stock yards. He was succeeded in 1855 by W. S. Tough & Sons.

Mrs. Grant was a Miss Ida Johnson and was married to Grant at Chillicothe, where her parents live. They had one child, which is still living. Grant's body will be taken to Chillicothe for burial.

Todd's Kill-a-Cold

Cures a cold in one day. 25 cents. All druggists sell it.

Wara Bill Passed.

The senate to-day passed the Ward bill, providing for the assessment of street rall-ways, and putting them under the juris-diction of the state board of equalization. The bill originated in the house and was passed by that body. It will become a law ninety days after the adjournment of the legislature if signed by the governor. The bill, as originally drawn, was likely to be declared unconstitutional by the state

supreme court, as it applied only to Kan-sas City and St. Louis, but the house amended it so as to make it apply to all street railways in the state.

OUT INTO THE COLD WORLD.

Missouri House Votes to Discharge All

but Six of the Commit-

tee Clerks.

Representative Bradley, of the committee

appointed to investigate the clerical force

of the house, made a report to-day, rec

ommending the discharge of all committee clerks except those of the committees on judiciary, criminal jurisprudence, appro-

priations, engrossed bills, ways and means

and accounts. The report was adopted. This means that many of the young men and young women who have been drawing good salaries for doing a small amount of work each day will be compelled to look elsewhere for employment.

The Special Jury Law. Jefferson City, Mo., March 6.—(Special.) The senate judiciary committee to-day re-oorted unfavorably the bill repealing the pecial jury law. This law is in high fa-

yor with railway and street railway cor-porations, as it enables them to secure

erdicts against persons seeking damages or loss of life or limbs or other injuries

in accidents. The corporation lobby is credited with having put the bill to sleep.

Protection for Motormen.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 6.—(Special.) Governor Stephens to-day signed the bill requiring street railway corapanies to provide their electric cars with vestibules for the protection of motormen during the winter months. Street railway men say that compliance with this law will result in many accidents, as motormen cannot see through frosted and snow covered glass windows in the vestibules.

Kansas City Justices.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 6 .- (Special.)

The house to-day passed the bill fixing the

salaries of justices of the peace and their

clerks in townships having a population of 100,000 and less than 300,000. This bill is

known as house bill No. 56, and its pro-

Aimed at "Snide" Jewelry.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 6.—(Special.) A bill was passed by the house to-day providing a penalty for the manufacture or sale of jewelry as gold that contains alloy and is falsely marked as to the de-gree of its fineness.

A "Fool" Bill Killed.

Jefferson City. Mo., March 8.—(Special.) House bill No. 242, requiring telegraph and telephone companies to send messages by the most direct route, was defeated in the house to-day. The vote was: Ayes, 42;

visions have been given in the Journal.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY CALLS UPON CONGRESS TO MEET MARCH 15.

REPUBLICAN SENATORS CAUCUS TO

Practically Decide Not to Attempt to Reorganize the Committees-Opposition Might Combine

Washington, March 6.-President McKinley this afternoon issued a proclamation convoking congress in extra session Monday, March 15. The proclamation in full

"By the President of the United States of

"Whereas, Public interest requires that the congress of the United States should be convened in extra session at 12 o'clock on the 15th day of March, 1897, to receive such communications as may be made by

the United States at Washington, the 6th day of March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninetyseven, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

"JOHN SHERMAN,

HUTCHINS WOULD BACK OUT.

Sues to Have the Contract for the Purchase of the Washington Times Rescinded.

Washington, March 6 .- Mr. Stilson Hutchins to-day filed a bill in equity against ex-Representative Charles D. Conn. of Indiana, former proprietor of the Washington es, to have rescinded a contract he made with Mr. Conn last December for the

made with Mr. Conn last December for the purchase of the paper. He asks the court to decree that Mr. Conn reconvey to plaintiff the real estate given in exchange for the paper. Mr. Hutchins represents himself as willing to deliver to Mr. Conn 9.23 shares of stock of the publishing company and two promissory notes aggregating about 130,000, the latter being given for indebtedness of the company to Mr. Conn.

Mr. Hutchins alleges in his complaint that Mr. Conn made certain representations to him which were not true, and especially complains that he was told the stock given him would insure control of the paper, whereas he finds Mr. Conn was under obligations to give stock to certain large advertisers upon payment of the advertising bills, and that this stock would put the plaintiff in the position of a minority stockholder.

"CAPITAL" LITIGATION ENDED. Plant to Be Sold, Under a Federal Court Order, Without a

Receivership. Topeka, Kas., March 6.—(Special.) A decree has been filed in the United States circuit court ordering the sale of the Topeka Capital plant and appointing H. P. Dillon master to make the sale.

The decree is virtually a settlement of

the receivership case which had been pendng for some time in the federal court, and the receiver will not take charge. The decree makes the mortgages of John R. Mulvane, amounting to \$52,274.32, the first lien n the plant, and that claim must be satis fled before anything else can be paid the creditors. The claim of J. E. Baker, brought the suit, amounting to \$7,156.51, is made the second lien.

FLORIDA SENATOR NAMED.

Governor Bloxham Appoints Colonel J. H. Henderson, a Railroad President and Attorney.

Savannah, Ga., March 6.-Colonel John Henderson, president and general counsel of the Florida Central & Peninsula railroad, while here on court business, last night received a telegram from Governor Bloxham, of Florida, tendering him an appointment to the United States senate and Henderson wired acceptance. Tallahassee, Fla., March 6.-J. H. Hen-

derson was born in North Georgia and come to Florida with his father's family when 10 years old and settled in Hillsborough county, which county he represented for a long time in the state senate during the reconstruction days, and was the recognized Democratic leader in that body. In 1874 the Democrats nominated him for congress in this district, but he was defeated by the Republican candidate.

Governor Drew appointed Colonel Henderson state attorney in 1877 and he was reappointed by Governor Bloxham in 1881. For many years he has been chief counsel and was president of the Florida Central & Peninsula Rallroad Company, which position he now holds. Colonel Henderson is about 50 years old, of commanding appearance and well preserved. He will reflect honor upon his state and position. He is in Savannah, Ga., on legal business, but he wired his acceptance. It is thought for a long time in the state senate during ne wired his acceptance. It is thought here that this appointment will make Colonel Henderson a candidate for the ser atorship before the coming state legisla-

NEW OREGON SENATOR. Governor Lord Appoints Senator H.

W. Corbett, a Pronounced Gold

Salem, Ore., March 6 .- Governor Lord today appointed ex-Senator H. W. Corbett United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by the failure of the legislature to elect at its recent session Mr. Corbett represented Oregon in the United States dent of the First National bank, of Portand, and a very pronounced gold standard advocate. He is about 66 years of age and has been a resident of Oregon more than

thirty-five years.

Frankfort, Ky., March 6.—Major Wood, who was yesterday appointed United States senator, leaves for Washington tomorrow. He denies that he has pledged himself not to be a candidate before the legislature for election as Senator Blackburn's successor.

Yeast Trust in Sight.

Chicago, March 6.—The price of yeast will experience a boom if the conference between representatives of the Wholesale Grocers' Association of Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, Iowa and Wisconsin, and yeast manufacturing firms, in progress here, is successful in reaching an agreement. The meetings are secret. The object of this conference is the adoption of the "factor plan" in the sale of yeast.

EXTRA SESSION.

ISSUES HIS PROCLAMATION.

DISCUSS THE SITUATION.

and Seize Everything in Sight.

is as follows:

America: a Proclamation.

the executive; "Now, therefore, I. William McKinley, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an

extraordinary occasion requires the congress of the United States to convene in extra session at the capitol in the city of Washington on the 15th day of March. 1897, at 12 o'clock, noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof are hereby required to take notice. "Given under my hand and the seal of

"Secretary of State." SENATORS IN CAUCUS.

Republicans Meet to Consider the Situntion, Which Is Not Alto-

gether Cheering. Washington, March 6.- (Special.) A Re-publican senatorial caucus was held be-ginning at 2 o'clock to-day for the purpose ing to fill the committee vacancies in the senate. Senator Allison was elected chair-man of the caucus to succeed Mr. Sher-

man, on motion of Senator Hoar, and Sen-ator Wilson was re-elected secretary. The discussion in the committee turned upon the character of the committee to be appointed. Senator Cullom moved that the usual committee on committees should be appointed, but after the debate had progappointed, but after the debate had prog-ressed some time medified his motion so as to make it a committee on the situation, to consult with other elements in the sen-ate, and to continue only during the pres-ent emergency. The motion as modified was agreed to.

There were numerous short speeches by the older senators. Messrs. Hale, Frye, Cul-lom Hoar Lodge Chandler Pritchard Car-

the older senators. Messrs. Hale, Frye, Cullom, Hoar, Lodge, Chandler, Pritchard, Carter, Proctor, and Dayls being the speakers. The general drift of the sentiment was against any effort to fill the vacancies by the immediate appointment of Republicans. Senator Proctor suggested that a Republican majority could be secured by postponing the filling of the committees until action could be secured in Oregon and Kentucky. Senator Aldrich stated that in all probability the governor of Oregon would appoint a senator from that state. The decision of the senate in the Mantle case was referred to as standing in the way of an appointee being seated from either Kentucky or Oregon.

Senator Chandler stated it to be his belief that there would be no serious objection from any source to the Republicans passing a tariff bill, whatever the complexion of the committees, and others concurred in this view.

The caucus adjourned to meet again Monday, when ex-Senator Allison will announce his committee.

It was pretty well understood that it would be impossible for the Rapublicant to

Monday, when ex-senator Allison will announce his committee.

It was pretty well understood that it would be impossible for the Republicans to reorganize the senate committees on a Republican basis, and that silver Republicans and Populists who have committee dunder the properties of the disturbed under the senate is that of filling the vacancies on the finance committee, from which a tariff bill must be reported. At present there are two vacancies, one on the Democratic and the other on the Republicans side. The two large parties are equally divided, with Jones, of Nevada, silver Republican, holding the balance of power.

The Republicans, by filling one vacancy and giving the other to the Democrats, will have no assurance of securing a report on a tariff bill. To claim both vacancies and place Mr. Jones with the minority members of the senate of the senates of th

Jefferson City, Mo., March 6.-(Special.)